

Addressing Public Policy Questions with Fragmented Data

(an interactive workshop)

Presented by: Kenneth Alonzo Anderson Associate Dean for Research and Sponsored Programs

May 21, 2019

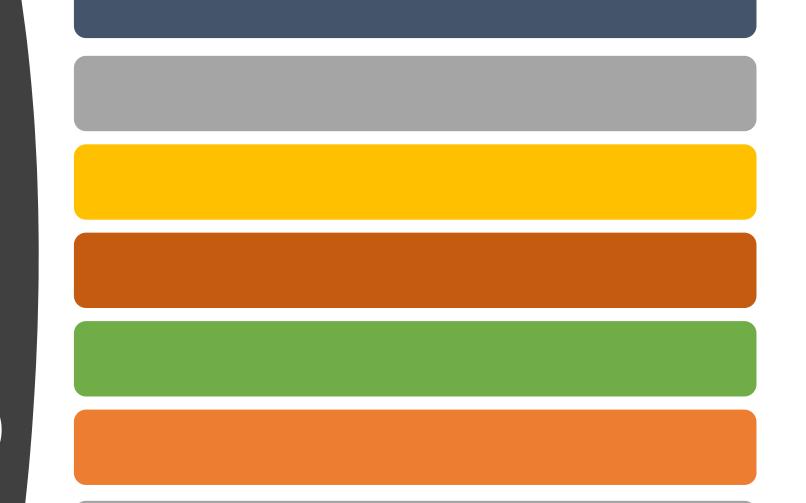


Does Increased Policing Improve Safety Outcomes in the Middle Grades?

> Presented by: Kenneth Alonzo Anderson Associate Dean for Research and Sponsored Programs

May 21, 2019

What do I need to know to answer this question? (fill in the blanks)



What do I need to know to answer this question?

History of SROs

Review of Literature

Are There any Key Policies?

What Data Are Available?

What Data Are Missing?

Who is my target audience?

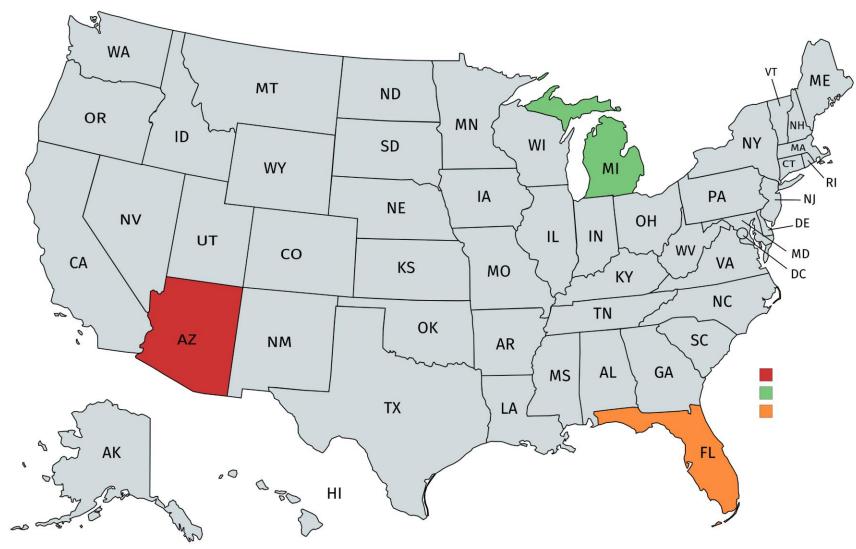
What Should I Do?



Brief History

How did the School Resource Officer Program Begin in the United States?

Three Key States



Five Key Periods

Prior to the 1950s

1950s

1960s

1970s

1990s-present

Prior to 1950s

Interactions (b/t law enforcement and schools) were usually informal

Often by request

1950s

The first SRO program was created in Flint, MI

Goal: Improve relationships between local police and youth

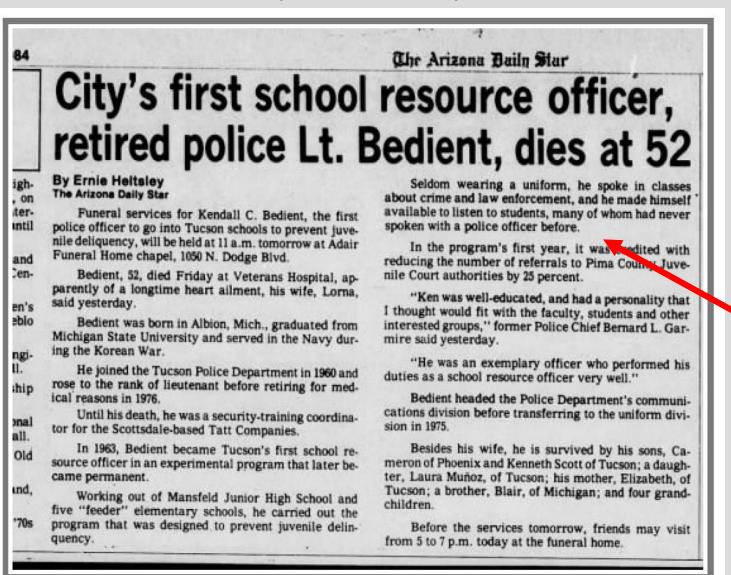
Survey data has supported the program for decades

1960s

1963 – SROs of today can be traced back to Tuscon, AZ (some argue FL)

Officer Kendall Bedient persuaded Chief Bernard Garmire in AZ to start an SRO program in a junior high school

Arizona Daily Star – April 1984



1970s

Special legislation authorized sworn officers to carry out all law enforcement activities in schools

Marked the rise of school district police departments (i.e. Palm Beach, Miami-Dade)

1990s-present

The Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994

Allowed Department of Justice to create the C.O.P.S. program

Marked another rise in the prevalence of SROs



Are SRO programs effective?

Literature Review

SROs have made positive contributions (often supported by survey data and anecdotes)

Inappropriate SRO behavior is also widely evident (viral videos, lawsuits, etc.)

Positive effects of C.O.P.S. program in municipalities; negative effects in schools, especially for Black students

Longitudinal research is limited, often very unsystematic, and conducted internally

Approaches

Applications for Data

Brute Force



Current Study "Brute-force Approach"

Phase I & Phase II

Simple Advice

Know where to look!

Always follow the money!

Read

Read

Read

Read

Read

Headlines...Headlines...Headlines



A NEWS Y WEATHER Y SPORTS Y COMMUNITY Y VIDEO Y TV Y CONTESTS Y SAVINGS Y ABOUT US Y LIVESTREAM

Home > News > Associated Press > School safety bill passes NC House

NEWS ASSOCIATED PRESS CAROLINAS NC

SCHOOL SAFETY BILL PASSES NC HOUSE

By WWAY News - June 4, 2018 11:11 PM





LATEST NEWS



P 0

LIFE AFTER ADDICTION: TIDES PROGRAM AIMS TO HELP WOMEN OVERCOME OPIOID...

Q

May 21, 2019 6:30 AM





TOWN LAUNCHES BUY-A-BRICK FUNDRAISER TO AID IN MEMORIAL CONSTRUCTION May 20, 2019 10:39 PM

Policy Summaries

POLICY REFORM
AFTER NEW REFORM
AFTER NEW REFORMANCEDescriptionThe SRO and the Student's Right to a Safe CampusBy Benard James, Professor of Constitutional Law, Peperdine University

Note: Education Commission of the States is a great website for policy summaries.

www.ecs.org

Policy Summaries

North Carolina: North Carolina lawmakers have unveiled bipartisan school safety legislation designed to add more law enforcement officers in elementary and middle schools, more school psychologists and social workers, and install panic alarms in every classroom. House Bill 452 provides funding for local school districts to add school resource officers and support staff, including school counselors, social workers and psychologists. The bill also requires school districts to take specific steps to respond effectively to a future crisis.

Ohio: The Ohio legislature introduced Senate Bill 42, which would allow school districts to use a property tax levy exclusively to pay for the cost of implementing school resource officer programs. School Buildings" Act that allocates \$475 million on school construction over the next two years, with \$10 million of it going to make schools safer.

Wyoming: House Bill 230 allocates \$2.3 million to help districts hire police officers and fund a task force to develop uniform school safety and security plans. The bill outlines the goals of the task force, which includes working to create training programs for teachers and faculty that would focus on addressing risky behaviors and creating emergency plans.

STATE POLICY REFORM -EDUCATOR SELF-PROTECTION

Alaska: Alaska legislature considering House Bill 55 that would allow would require an employee in every public or charter school to carry a loaded gun during school hours. The legislation would mandate the creation of a protection officer for each school. With proper training, those officers could be principals, teachers, staff members, police officers or security guards. Indiana could become the first state in the nation to require an employee in every public or charter school to carry a loaded gun during school hours.

Missouri: The Missouri House of Representatives has two competing school safety proposals. House Bill 70 would allow any teacher or school administrator to possess firearms on school grounds. House Bill 276 would create a volunteer "school protection officer" program.

Where are State Policies Housed?



NEWS & INFORMATION : 3

2019 Non-Revenue and Non-Appropriations Bills Crossover List

2019 Budget >

Vertical Obstruction Impact on the NC Military Mission interactive map

Governor's Veto of S.B. 359 - Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act. >

2017-2018 Legislation with Effective Dates of July 1, 2018 through January 1, 2019

2018 Budget Information (Senate Bill 99 Bill Status History) >



HOUSE Convenes Tue, 5/21/19 at 2:00 p.m. Calendar Chamber Dashboard Audio Bills with House action by day House bills filed by day



SENATE

Convenes Tue, 5/21/19 at 9:30 a.m.

da Calendar	
Chamber Dashboard	Audio
Bills with Senate action by da	у
E Senate bills filed by day	

Where are Federal Policies Housed?

CONGRESS.GO	V Advanced Searches Browse	Legislatior	Search Tools Support - Sign In - n Congressional Record Committees Members
Current Legislation Example	es: hr5, sres9, "health care"		Q
	Моғ	e options Y	
Most-Viewed Bills <u>Top 10</u> <u>H.R.5</u> [116th] Equality Act <u>H.R.1044</u> [116th] Fairness for High-Skilled Imm [116th] Vaccinate All Children Act of 2019	igrants Act of 2019	Bill Searches and Lists By Sponsor: <u>House Senate</u> Introduced Active Legislation (S Public Laws U.S. Code Appropriations	Senate.gov)
Current Legislative Activities	C	Breest	Contact Your Member
Not in Session Video Archive	Senate Not in Session Video Archive	Recent Yesterday in Congress Bill Texts Committee Schedule Colorder and Onbediales	Contact by email and telephone. <u>Representatives</u> » <u>Senators</u> »
lext Meeting: May 21, 2019 at 10:00 a.m. Previous Meeting: <u>May 20, 2019</u> House Links	Next Meeting: May 21, 2019 at 10:00 a.m. Previous Meeting: <u>May 20, 2019</u> Senate Links	Calendars and Schedules Committee Reports Roll Call Votes Presented to President	Current Legislative Activities
House Floor Activities Committee Hearings Video LIVE Communications to the House Bills to be Considered	On the Senate Floor Communications to the Senate Nominations Treaty Documents	The Congressional Record Read the <u>latest legislative activity</u> Browse by Date	House of Representatives Senate House of Representatives Senate Image: Senate Image: Senate Image: Senat Image: Senate

Where are the money records?



What do the records show???....

lea
Alamance-Burlington Schools
Alexander County Schools
Alleghany County Schools
Anson County Schools
Ashe County Schools
Avery County Schools
Beaufort County Schools
Bertie County Schools
Bladen County Schools
Brunswick County Schools
Buncombe County Schools
Asheville City Schools
Burke County Schools

laa

	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AI	AJ
	prc31	prc32	prc34	prc39	prc41	prc42	prc43	prc54
-	4438181	10437572	1121971	61075	0	362712.2	326628	2041713
	1706280	2745457	0	0	11064	0	0	0
	0	785858	69288	0	3216	0	0	92886
	2138127	2064212	181881	0	1378.49	138846.2	353657.4	64966.44
	0	1731261	158373	0	6499.12	0	0	102264
	0	1104072	107605.5	13751.63	7487	0	0	99695.69
	1172528	3651818	348915	0	3445	0	0	313521
	1714281	1550936	146307.7	0	0	153596.7	161811.2	41043.29
	1983838	2201694	242518.8	0	3900	0	0	237369
	0	5419264	626264	379653	0	0	0	285866
	0	12970897	1275494	215600	24357	0	0	1141610
	0	2100638	42138	0	3920	0	0	0
	4955519	6752478	638440	208000	25378.27	0	0	730301

What do the records show???.....Priorities

	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AI	AJ
lea 💦	prc31	prc32	prc34	prc39	prc41	prc42	prc43	prc54
Alamance-Burlington Schools	4438181	10437572	1121971	61075	0	362712.2	326628	2041713
Alexander County Schools	1706280	2745457	0	0	11064	0	0	0
Alleghany County Schools	0	785858	69288	0	3216	0	0	92886
Anson County Schools	2138127	2064212	181881	0	1378.49	138846.2	353657.4	64966.44
Ashe County Schools	0	1731261	158373	0	6499.12	0	0	102264
Avery County Schools	0	1104072	107605.5	13751.63	7487	0	0	99695.69
Beaufort County Schools	1172528	3651818	348915	0	3445	0	0	313521
Bertie County Schools	1714281	1550936	146307.7	0	0	153596.7	161811.2	41043.29
Bladen County Schools	1983838	2201694	242518.8	0	3900	0	0	237369
Brunswick County Schools	0	5419264	626264	379653	0	0	0	285866
Buncombe County Schools	0	12970897	1275494	215600	24357	0	0	1141610
Asheville City Schools	0	2100638	42138	0	3920	0	0	0
Burke County Schools	4955519	6752478	638440	208000	25378.27	0	0	730301

What other relevant data are available? Can I match key policies with these data?



NOTE :: Various file formats are used on this page that may require download. If larger than 1mb, it will take longer to download. For instructions or more information, please visit our <u>download page</u>.

16 Reportable Criminal Offenses (pdf, 434kb)

WHY THESE OFFENSES MUST BE REPORTED

North Carolina General Statute 115C-288 indicates the procedures for reporting specific offenses to school administrators, and if necessary, law enforcement authorities.

The N.C. State Board of Education published guidelines for safe schools, part of which clarified and listed those offenses that are reportable to the State Board of Education annually.

OFFENSES THAT MUST BE REPORTED

The following pages list those offenses that must be reported, along with a detailed description of each offense.

Consult with your local board attorney for further details or clarification.

Questions

1. What type of data are these?

2. How might they be distributed?



each offense.

Consult with your local board attorney for further details or clarification.

Answers

Count Data

Poisson Distribution

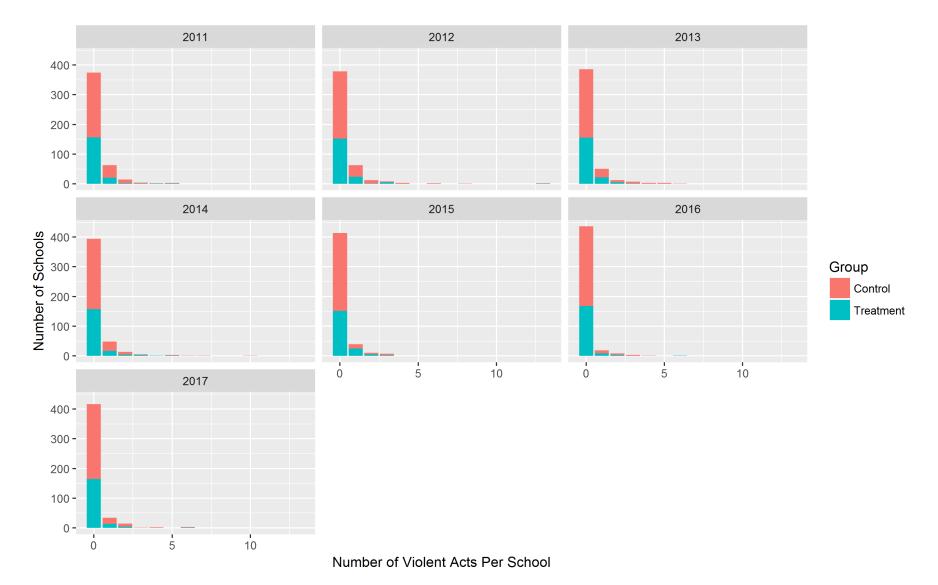
RESEARCH AND EVALUATION DATA & STATISTICS GET UPDATES QUICK LINKS Google[®] Search! **6 REPORTABLE CRIMINAL OFFENSES** NOTE :: Various file formats are used on this page that may require download. If larger than 1mb, it will take longer to download. For instructions or more information, please visit our download page. 16 Reportable Criminal Offenses (pdf, 434kb) WHY THESE OFFENSES MUST BE REPORTED North Carolina General Statute 115C-288 indicates the procedures for reporting specific offenses to school administrators, and if necessary, law enforcement authorities. The N.C. State Board of Education published guidelines for safe schools, part of which clarified and listed those offenses that are reportable to the State Board of Education annually.

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Number of Violent Acts Per School



Policy

Senate Bill 402, Section 8.36 (North Carolina - 2013)

State provided matching grants to districts (\$2 for every \$1 for SROs and training)

Policy enacted in 2013

Phase I Research

Examined 16 disciplinary acts that must be reported to the state

460 middle schools – generalized difference-indifference negative binomial hurdle models

Found no evidence that SRO grant reduced overall disciplinary acts

Reductions in school size and improvements in achievement were related to discipline decreases

Phase II Study

Re-examined state data set

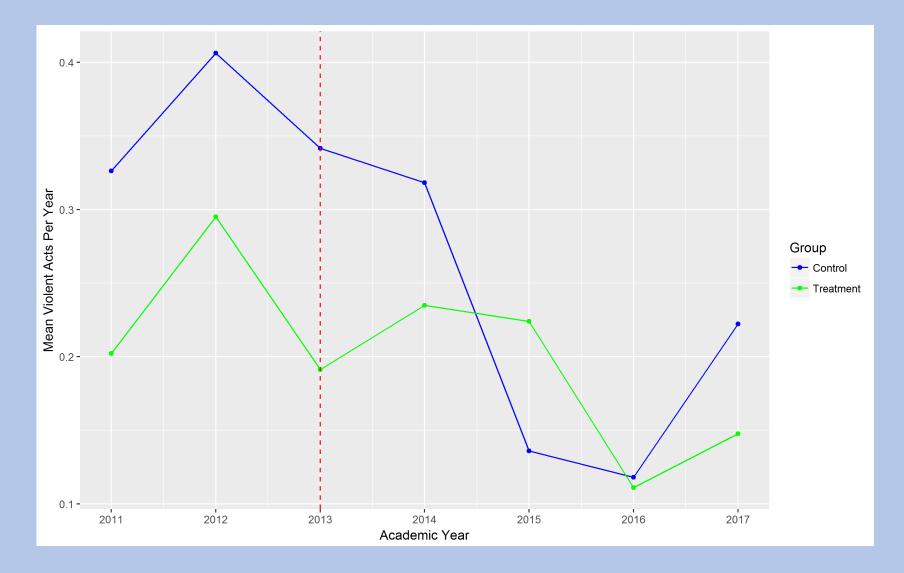
Limited 2nd analysis to the 9 violent crimes (state statute)

Similar to Phase I, SRO grants were not related to reductions in violent crimes

	ars 2010/11 - 2016/17) (N = 3,275) Reported Violent Acts Per School Year						
	Poisson Quasi-Poisson ZINB NB Hurdle1 NB Hurdle2						
SY2011/12	-0.16	-0.16	-0.16	-0.63	-0.64		
SY2012/13	-0.05	-0.05	-0.06	0.70	0.70		
SY2013/14	-0.16	-0.16	0.02	0.59	0.73		
SY2014/15	-0.96***	-0.96**	-0.18	0.65	0.43		
SY2015/16	-1.03***	-1.03**	-0.24	0.40	0.30		
SY2016/17	-0.43**	-0.43	-0.08	0.60	0.63		
District Received SRO Grant	0.02	0.02	0.29	0.68			
SRO Per Pup Exp					0.70		
log(Enroll)	1.75***	1.75***	1.44***	1.26***	1.23***		
SES	0.01	0.01	-0.06*	-0.01	-0.01		
Cent(Ind. Pct.)	-0.04*	-0.04	-0.10	-0.16	-0.16		
Cent(Asian Pct.)	-0.04*	-0.04	-0.11*	-0.15	-0.15		
Cent(<u>Hisp</u> . Pct.)	-0.01	-0.01	-0.09	-0.15	-0.14		
Cent(Black Pct.)	-0.01	-0.01	-0.08	-0.15	-0.14		
Cent(White Pct.)	-0.03	-0.03	-0.10*	-0.17	-0.16		
Cent(Pac. Is. Pct.)	0.49**	0.49	0.23	0.65	0.76		

Table 1: Count Model Regression Coefficients for Violent Acts in North Carolina Middle Schools (School Years 2010/11 - 2016/17) (N = 3,275)								
	Reported Violent Acts Per School Year							
	Poisson Quasi-Poisson ZINB NB Hurdle1 NB Hu							
\$Y2011/12 * SRO	-0.22	-0.22	-0.34	-0.41				
SY2012/13 * SRO	-0.02	-0.02	-0.03	-1.34				
SY2013/14 * SRO 0.29 0.29 0.16 -0.32								
SY2014/15 * SRO	1.09***	1.09*	0.73	-0.98				
SY2015/6 * SRO	0.53	0.53	0.39	0.62				
SY2017 * SRO	0.21	0.21	0.06	-0.19				
SY2012 * SRO PPE					-0.46			
SY2013 * SRO PPE	****				-1.32			
SY2014 * SRO PPE			_		-0.32			
SY2015 * SRO PPE	an a				-0.26			
SY2016 * SRO PPE					-0.16			
SY2017 * SRO PPE					-0.24			
Constant	-12.57***	-12.57***	-10.43***	-11.02 [•]	-10.57**			
Ν	3,275	3,275	3,275	3,275	3,275			
Log Likelihood	-1,942		-1,704	-1,710	-1,709			
AIC	3,930							
*p < .05; **p < .01; ***p < .001								

Violent Acts



Recommendations

Conduct regular external evaluations of SRO programs

Consider air marshall model – (e.g. little to no interaction with students)

Let teachers and counselors build relationships

Study "safer" schools

Invest in education to increase school safety

Dissemination

Middle Grades Review

Volume 4 | Issue 2

Article 7

September 2018

Policing and Middle School: An Evaluation of a Statewide School Resource Officer Policy

Kenneth Alonzo Anderson *Howard University*, kenneth.anderson@howard.edu

Dissemination

BROOKINGS

CITIES & REGIONS GLOBAL DEVELOPMENT INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS U.S. ECOL



Does more policing make middle schools safer?

Kenneth Alonzo Anderson - Thursday, November 8, 2018

BROWN CEN

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